



SCOTTSDALE'S **McDOWELL SONORAN PRESERVE**

Northern & Central Regions Fall 2021



City of Scottsdale McDowell Sonoran Preserve 480-312-7013 ScottsdaleAZ.gov Search: "Preserve"





McDowell Sonoran

McDowellSonoran.org

Conservancy

480-998-7971

Tonto National Forest (U.S.D.A.) Stagecoach Pass Rd North Region Map Granite P Ranch TH Pima Dynamite TH Fraesfield 🖁 TH P Dynamite Blvd. Central Region /Jomax Rd. Мар (see Happy Valley Rd. Ranch Gate Rd. Tom's Thumb TH City of Scottsdale McDowell Sonorar P Gateway TH Lost Dog Wash TH Sunrise TH ^⅓ Shea Blvd.

USE THIS MAP TO PLAN A SAFE OUTING IN THE PRESERVE

This map contains valuable information about the trails. Understanding how to use it is one of the keys to planning a safe and enjoyable experience in the Preserve.

EMERGENCY MARKERS

These markers are located on sign posts throughout the Preserve, and are labeled on the map. Each marker has a unique combination of letters and numbers. If you need help, reference the nearest marker to assist emergency personnel in identifying your location.

TRAIL SEGMENT LENGTHS

The trails in the Preserve are comprised of segments divided between emergency markers. Each segment is labeled with the length in miles, rounded to the nearest tenth. As you plan your journey, add the segment lengths together to determine the total length of your route.

ELEVATION

RULES

SAFETY

at home.

What to do:

than 6 feet at all times.

bagged waste along the trail.

Tips to avoid a heat emergency:

Warning signs of heat stress:

unconsciousness and **DEATH**.

dog's body with water.

drinking water.

Each emergency marker, trailhead and scenic point is labeled on the map with elevation above sea level. Use these labels to understand the elevation change along the trail segments you plan to travel. You can get an idea of the trail segment difficulty by determining the amount of elevation gain or loss you will experience over the length of that segment.

Dogs must be on a hand held leash no greater

Dog waste must be picked up immediately and

disposed of in a trash container. Do NOT leave

The desert heat can **KILL YOUR DOG** and you

A.R.S. 13-2910. Dogs do not sweat like us and can

dog shows signs of heat stress, it is often too late.

could be charged with animal cruelty under

be overtaken by the heat quickly. Once your

Check the hourly weather forecast BEFORE

Carry plenty of water for you and your dog.

Condition worsens if dog vomits, becomes

unsteady, lethargic or unwilling to move.

become blue/gray, rapid on-set collapse,

• Remove the dog from the heat and cool the

• If the dog is conscious, give access to cool

Get to a veterinarian immediately.

bringing your dog to the Preserve. If it will be

90°F or more during your outing, leave your dog

• Heavy panting, bright red tongue and thick saliva.

Advanced heat stroke signs are lips/membranes

REDUCE YOUR RISK OF NEEDING RESCUE

THE PRESERVE IS A REMOTE AREA WITH POTENTIAL FOR EXTREME CONDITIONS. EMERGENCY RESPONSE CAN TAKE SOME TIME. YOU ARE RESPONSIBLE FOR YOUR OWN SAFETY.

- Bring ample water for you AND your dog. When your water is half gone, turn around.
- Start drinking water before you arrive so your body is pre-hydrated.
- Bring a fully charged cell phone.
- Know your abilities and health limitations. Don't take on more than you can safely accomplish.
- Check the hourly weather forecast. Temperatures can climb dramatically after a relatively cool morning. Be active in the cooler parts of the day and leave your dog at home when it is over 90°F.
- Shade is very limited in the Preserve, so wear sunscreen and dress appropriately with a hat and light colored breathable clothing that covers your body.
- Wear sturdy footwear with a good tread.
- Pay attention to the emergency markers so you can reference them in case of an emergency.
- Know your trail route and where you started. Take note of the trailhead address on this map in case of an emergency.
- Tell a friend or family member where you are going and when you plan to return.
- Leave your valuables at home.

GENERAL RULES

- The Preserve is open from sunrise to sunset.
- Stay on designated and posted trails.
- No smoking, fireworks or open flame.
- No motor vehicles including electric bikes.
- Dogs must be on a leash (no longer than 6 feet) at all times and owners must immediately pickup and deposit waste in a trash receptacle.
- Take off and landing of drones is prohibited.
- Do not disturb wildlife or alter, deface, place or remove any materials, including rocks, animals or vegetation, alive or dead.
- No alcohol or glass containers.

TRAIL ETIQUETTE

- Be considerate of other trail users we are all here for the same reason.
- Downhill traffic should yield to uphill traffic.
- All trail users should yield to horses. Avoid sudden moves or loud noises which could startle them.
- Bicyclists and trail runners should yield to all other users. Slow down and alert other users when approaching from the rear.
- Bicyclists should consider using a bell or similar device.
- Always travel at safe speeds.
- Do not use trails when wet or muddy
- Sound travels far in the desert environment, so please speak quietly.

WE NEED YOUR HELP DOGS in PRESERVE

the following violations in the Preserve, please report it by calling the Scottsdale Police non-emergency number:

- Motor Vehicles
- Loose or Roaming Horses/Livestock
 - Dogs Off Leash
- Vandalism or Cutting of Fences



Non-Emergency Number 480-312-5000

TRAILHEAD ADDRESSES

Brown's Ranch Trailhead

30301 N. Alma School Pkwy. Scottsdale, AZ 85262

Fraesfield Trailhead

13400 E. Rio Verde Dr. Scottsdale, AZ 85262

Pima Dynamite Trailhead 28777 N. Pima Rd. Scottsdale, AZ 85262

Granite Mountain Trailhead 31402 N. 136th St. Scottsdale, AZ 85262

Gateway Trailhead

18333 N. Thompson Peak Pkwy. Scottsdale, AZ 85255

Lost Dog Wash Trailhead

12601 N. 124th St. Scottsdale, AZ 85259

Sunrise Trailhead

12101 N. 145th Way Scottsdale, AZ 85255

Tom's Thumb Trailhead

23015 N. 128th St. Scottsdale, AZ 85255

BROWN'S RANCH HISTORY

Brown's Ranch dates to approximately 9,000 years ago. Nomadic bands of hunters and gatherers traveled through this area hunting deer and small game, and collecting seasonally available plants. After 1,000 AD, agriculture became more important as a source of reliable food. The Hohokam, primarily sedentary desert farmers, established large settlements in the valleys, with hunting and gathering parties visiting the Brown's Ranch area seasonally. The Hohokam began to fade from the McDowell Mountains in the 1300s, as they withdrew to the valleys. Yavapai and Apache bands entered the area in the 1600s, hunting and gathering, and occasionally raiding nearby Pima settlements. In the late 1800s, gold was discovered in the nearby Bradshaw Mountains, which led to a rush of prospectors, farmers, and ranchers. This increasing presence of newcomers was an unwelcome invasion for the Yavapai and Apache. Their resistance resulted in the establishment of a series of U.S. Army posts. With removal of Native Americans to government reservations, the area that would become Brown's Ranch was now considered safe for settlement. Brown's Ranch was founded in 1917 by E.O. Brown, a Scottsdale entrepreneur. At its peak the ranch encompassed 44,000 acres supporting 3,000 to 5,000 head of cattle. Descendants of E.O Brown lived on the ranch until 1970. Since that time, the ranch and surrounding lands changed hands several times until eventually acquired by the City of Scottsdale in 1999 for inclusion in the Scottsdale

McDowell Sonoran Preserve.

If you see any suspicious behavior including The earliest evidence of humans in the vicinity of